Informal document No. WP.29-144-27 (144th WP.29, 11-14 March 2008, Agenda item 6.)

NHTSA Motorcoach Crash Test

Objective

- Obtain crash pulse from severe frontal crash event
- Obtain dummy readings for
 - Different dummy sizes
 - Different seat types
 - No belts
 - Lap and shoulder belts (3 point belts)
 - Lap belts (2 point belts)
 - Different seat manufacturers
- Study seat and seat attachment strength for different dummy sizes and rear occupant loading
- The test was conducted at the Vehicle Research and Test Center in December 2007.

Motorcoach Details

- 2000 MCI 102EL3 Renaissance
- Series 60 diesel engine
- B500 Allison Automatic transmission
- 54 seats
- 45 ft long, 12 ft 6 inches tall





Seats on the Motorcoach

- Baseline seats
 - No belts
 - American Seating
- Seats with Belts
 - MCI/Amaya
 - 3 point belts 4 rows (dual seats)
 - 2 point belts 1 row (dual seats)
 - Freedman Seating
 - 3 point belts 1 row (dual seats)



Seats (Continued)

• Baseline (No belts)



- -3 point
- -2 point

Freedman 3 – point













Seat Attachments

9 occupied, 13 unoccupied rows using
OEM equipment

2 occupied rows reinforced







Test Conditions

- Speed: 30 mph (48.3 kph)
- Frontal impact: 0 degrees; full overlap
- Fixed Rigid Barrier
- Data channels: 355 dummy; 26 vehicle channels @ 12500 samples/sec



Occupants

- Hybrid III 50th percentile male 17 dummies
 - 175 cm (5 ft 9 in) tall and 77 kg (170 lb)
- Hybrid III 5th percentile female 3 dummies
 - 150 cm (5 ft) tall and 50 kg (110 lb)
- Hybrid III 95th percentile male** 2 dummies
 - 188 cm (6 ft 2 in) and 100 kg (220 lb)
- Each dummy has
 - Accelerometers in head and chest
 - Load cells in upper neck and femur
 - Chest displacement potentiometer

^{**} The 95th percentile male dummy is not in FMVSS

Post Test Pictures





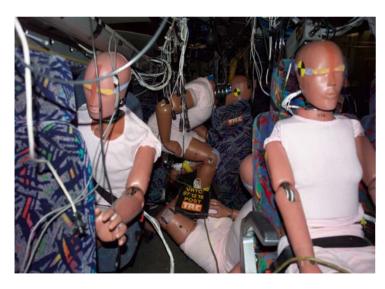


Observation - Restraints

- Unbelted dummies:
 - High head accelerations
- Dummies with 2-pt belts:
 - High head accelerations
- Dummies with 3-pt belts:
 - Low head and neck accelerations
- All dummies have low chest accelerations and chest displacements and femur loads

Observation- Unbelted Dummies

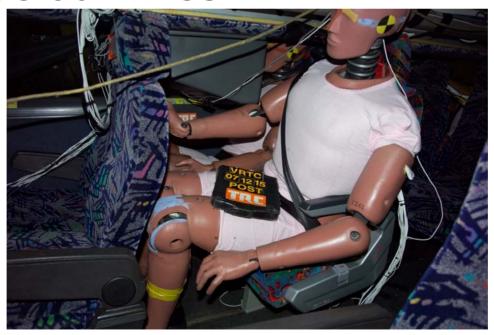
- Unbelted dummies typically made head contact with the backseat in front within 150-180 ms
- Dummies on the aisle seats ended up on the floor and dummies on the window seats ended up on the front seats or on the floor





Observation – Belted Dummies

- Dummies stayed in seats
- Head/Knee contact with front backseat for 95th male dummies



Future Plans

- Conduct roof crush, flammability and evacuation tests
- Evaluate the data for rulemaking recommendations
- Complete information can be found at the www.regulations.gov; docket # NHTSA-2007-28793

Observation – Seat Hardware

- All seat attachments including baseline stayed intact
- Baseline seats and Freeman seatback broke/bent when impacted by unbelted

dummies from behind