

# Proposal for a EU Regulation on electronic freight transport information

**UNECE, Working Party on Road Transport (SC.1)** 

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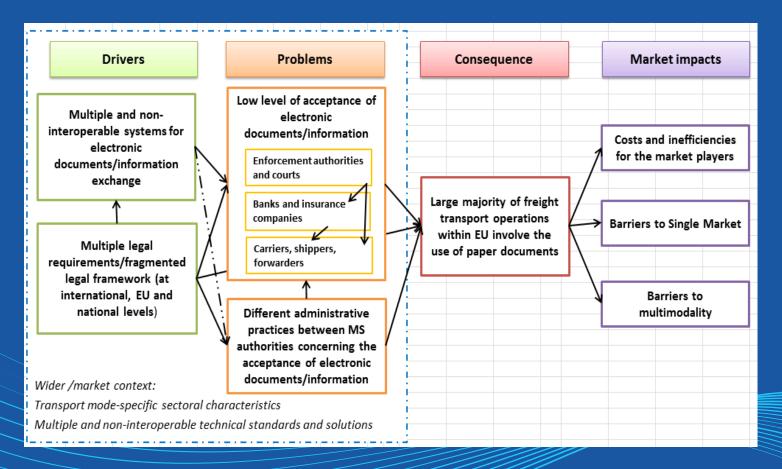
# The situation today

•>99% of freight transport operations within the EU still use paper documents

•>380 million hours spent processing paper-based transport information (total EU, 2018 estimate)



## **Problem definition**





# **EFTI Regulation Proposal**



## **Objectives**

#### General

promote use of digital technologies for business-to-authority information exchange related to the transport of goods within the EU  $\rightarrow$  greater efficiency of the transport sector

#### **Specific**

- acceptance by public authorities of freight transport information made available electronically
- interoperability of the IT systems and solutions used







## Scope

**Scope: information requirements** in EU and MS legislation setting out conditions for the transport of goods in Union territory

- >EU legislation on transport
- ➤ MS legislation: only when the same requirements (in whole or in part) as under EU legislation

! NB: No new information requirements. Rather, facilitation of electronic communication of information required under current legislation, through establishment of uniform requirements for acceptance and on the electronic form.



# Requirements (1/3)

### Requirements for authorities:

- accept electronic transport information made available by the operators
- apply harmonised rules for access to the electronic information
- use a common data set for the electronic processing of the information



# Requirements (2/3)

#### **Requirements for operators:**

- <u>if</u> choosing to present the information electronically, the information should be made available to the authorities by means of certified EFTI platforms
  - √in machine-readable format,
  - ✓in human-readable format, if (expressly) requested by the respective authority





# Requirements (3/3)

# Requirements for eFTI platforms and eFTI service providers:

- eFTI platforms need to comply with certain functional requirements to ensure, among others, data authenticity, integrity, cybersecurity
- service providers will also need to comply with a number of set requirements (keep data for a certain period of time, provide access to authorities, secure data) and receive certification

#### **Certification** of EFTI platforms and service providers:

- on the basis of the common requirements set out by the regulation
- performed by competent bodies accredited in the different MS





# **Expected impacts of the proposal**

#### > Benefits

- **EUR 20-27 billion €** in administrative cost savings for operators (total, over 2018-2040)
- **EUR 75-102 million** equivalent work hours saved on administration (yearly)
- >1,300 tones CO2 emissions savings (total, over 2018-2040)
- 180 900 thousand trees saved (equivalent of paper sheets saved)
- Better rule enforcement (risk analysis-based checks) and policy making (better statistics)

#### > Costs

- EUR 268 million for public authorities (total, over 2018-2040)
- EUR 4.4 billion for the economic operators (over 2018-2040)





# Implementing acts are necessary in order to:

- provide further specification for the implementation of the requirements (e.g. interoperability of EFTI platforms)
- detailed rules for certification of EFTI platforms and EFTI services providers (Art. 11, 12)
- update Annex I (scope): if any changes in EU legislation and/or MS law requirements





### **Timeline**

**Basic act:** adopted by beginning 2020

**Acts of implementation:** 4 years after adoption of the basic act

Date of application: 2025

#### **Review and monitoring**

- within 5 years of the start date of application, the European Commission shall evaluate performance against set objectives
- MS are required to provide the European Commission with necessary information





# Thank you

